Physics 503: Methods of Mathematical Physics

Read: CKP chapter 4, sections 4-1 – 4-5.

“CKP” refers to Carrier, Krook, and Pearson book. Problems with stars are not for credit and will NOT be graded.

Homework 4

The following problems are all two-dimensional. Charge means 2d charge etc.

Exercise 1

Find the equipotentials, streamlines, and vector intensity ($\vec{\nabla}\phi$) for the field whose complex potential $\Omega = \frac{1}{z^2}$.

Exercise 2

The equipotential lines of a fluid are the circles $x^2 + y^2 = 2ax$ (for any $a$). Find the ratio of the magnitudes of the intensity of the field at the points $(2a, 0)$ and $(a, a)$. 

Note: $a$ is not fixed, for any real $a$ the correspondent circle is an equipotential line.

Exercise 3: Method of images

Find the force acting on electric charge $q$ (force is equal $-q\vec{\nabla}\phi$) inside the right angle corner surrounded by metal (see figure).

*Exercise 4: Streamlining the parabola

Find the velocity field for the flow streamlining the parabolic surface given by $y^2 = 2px$ with the given velocity at infinity $v(x \to -\infty) = v_\infty$ (see figure).

Hint: use the mapping $\zeta = \sqrt{z - \frac{p^2}{2}}$.

Exercise 5 (CKP, page 159, problem 1)

a) Show that Joukowsky transformation $z = \frac{1}{2}a(\zeta + \frac{1}{\zeta})$ can be expressed in the useful alternative form $\frac{z-a}{z+a} = \left(\frac{\zeta-1}{\zeta+1}\right)^2$.

b) Show that the transformation doubles angles at the points $\zeta = \pm 1$. 
Figure 1: Figure to exercise 3

Figure 2: Figure to exercise 4
Exercise 6

Using Joukowsky transformation find how a uniform electric field $\vec{E} = -\vec{\nabla}\phi = \text{const}$ is perturbed by metal circle of unit radius.

Exercise 7

Find the complex potential for the plane flow of a fluid flowing from the left half-plane into the right half-plane through an aperture in the imaginary axis between the points $-i$ and $i$ (see figure). The net flow across the aperture is $Q = \int_{-1}^{1} \phi_x dy$.

*Hint:* Consider $\zeta = \ln(z + \sqrt{z^2 + 1})$ with properly chosen branching lines.

*Exercise 8*

Find the electric field (complex intensity $\Omega'(z)$) produced by a metal square of size $a$ (see figure) and charge $q$ at distances $|z| \gg a$. Keep the next to a leading term in the expansion in $a/|z|$.  

*Hint:* Use the Schwartz-Christoffel mapping to the exterior of the unit circle. Expand in $a/|z|$.
Figure 4: Figure to exercise 8